

SUMMARY OF CHANGES







2025 SUMMARY OF CHANGES

TECHNICAL STANDARD UPDATE MARCH 2025

Added section numbers to assist the reader with more easily locating the correct section within the Technical Standard.

Table of Contents

Added a table of contents with links to the section numbers to assist the reader with more easily locating the correct section within the Technical Standard.

1 Program Overview

1.1 Designations

No changes

1.1.1 Designation Levels

No changes

1.1.2 Designation Level Goals

Section added to clarify the goal of each designation level.

Wildfire Prepared Home is a designation program that reduces wildfire risks to homes through a system of mitigation actions at the parcel level, based on the latest science and research from the nonprofit Insurance Institute for Business & Home Safety (IBHS).

- Wildfire Prepared Home Base Helps protect a home from embers by addressing vegetation and items on and around the home, breaking the pathway of connective fuels for fire to spread to the structure by embers.
- **Wildfire Prepared Home Plus** Adds extra protection by using specific building materials to help defend against radiant heat and direct flames.

1.1.3 Designation Process and Timelines: Initial, Annual Reviews, and Designation Renewal and Expiration

Section added to clarify the designation process and timelines.

1.1.3.1 Initial Designation

Homes earn a **Wildfire Prepared Home designation** by meeting all wildfire mitigation requirements for their selected level in the program. The designation is **valid for three years** and remains in **Active status** by completing an **Annual Review** each of the first **two years** following the initial designation, leading up to the **3-year designation expiration**.

Before applying, applicants can complete the required wildfire mitigation using the <u>How-To Prepare My Home Checklist</u>, based on the Technical Standard.

How to Apply

- Visit the website at https://wildfireprepared.org and click "Apply Now."
- Pay the nonrefundable application fee.
- Take and submit eligibility photos for IBHS review.

Once eligibility photos are approved, a third-party evaluation company will conduct an inperson evaluation to collect documentation that will be verified. Once all requirements are confirmed, IBHS will issue a **Wildfire Prepared Home designation certificate** for the home.

1.1.3.2 Annual Reviews

To remain in **Active designation status** and ensure continued maintenance compliance, homeowners must complete an **Annual Review** each of the first **two years** following their initial designation, leading up to the **3-year designation expiration**. This process verifies that your property remains mitigated to reduce wildfire risk.

On Time Annual Reviews

- When to Apply: To maintain Active status, designated properties must apply for the Annual Review during the 60-day period leading up to the Anniversary Date, as indicated on the most recent designation certificate. Submissions after the Anniversary Date are considered late and will incur a late fee.
- **Application & Fee:** Applicants must submit an Annual Review application, pay the nonrefundable Annual Review fee in effect at the time of submission, and provide photo documentation demonstrating maintenance compliance.

• Paid Grace Period:

- o **Active:** If the Annual Review has been paid for by the Anniversary Date, the property will remain in Active status for 60 days following the Anniversary Date (Active 60-day grace period) to allow time to complete the Annual Review process.
- o **Inactive:** If the Annual Review has been paid for by the Anniversary Date but is not completed and approved by IBHS within the Active 60-day grace period, the application will become Inactive. Inactive applications will be automatically closed 60 days before either the second Annual Review Anniversary or Expiration Date listed on the most recent designation certificate, whichever comes first.

Late Annual Reviews

- When Is It Late? An Annual Review is considered late if submitted after the Anniversary Date listed on the most recent Wildfire Prepared Home designation certificate.
- **Application & Late Fee:** Applicants must submit an Annual Review application, pay the nonrefundable Annual Review fee, and will be subject to an additional late fee in effect at the time of submission. They must also provide photo documentation demonstrating maintenance compliance.

• Grace Period:

- If the Annual Review is paid for within the 60-day "Active" Grace Period following the Anniversary Date but is not completed and approved by IBHS within this timeframe, the application will automatically become Inactive.
- o If the Annual Review is paid for after the 60-day "Active" Grace Period following the Anniversary Date, the property will remain Inactive until the application is approved by IBHS. Inactive applications will be automatically closed 60 days before either the second Annual Review or the Expiration Date listed on the most recent designation certificate, whichever comes first.

Ongoing Maintenance Requirements for Annual Reviews

Regular maintenance is required to ensure your home and defensible space continue to meet the designation standard to meaningfully reduce wildfire risk. Growing, fallen, or dead vegetation, as well as new structures, can increase ignition risk. Think of your Annual Review like a **Red Flag Warning** - take proactive maintenance measures to help protect your home. To stay compliant, complete all of the following annual maintenance steps:

- Keep gutters, downspouts, and the roof clear of debris.
- Ensure the **0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone** is properly maintained.
- Ensure the **5-30 Foot Defensible Space** is properly maintained.
- Regularly maintain all decks and porches.
- Ensure any **new additions or changes** (e.g., fences, structures, decks, hot tubs, propane tanks) remain compliant.
- **Note:** For specific maintenance requirements, see the appropriate sections in this Technical Standard.

1.1.3.3 Designation Renewal and Expiration

At the end of the 3-year designation period, a property's Wildfire Prepared Home designation will expire. To maintain an Active designation status, homeowners must complete the full designation process to verify continued compliance with the most current Technical Standard.

Designation Renewal

- When to Apply: To maintain an Active designation, homeowners must submit their application and complete the full process before the Expiration Date listed on the most recent designation certificate. Allow enough time to complete all required steps. If approved, the new certificate will align with the initial designation date and extend the designation for another 3 years.
- **How to Apply:** See Initial Designation requirements.

Expired Designation

- **Expired Status:** A Wildfire Prepared Home designation is considered Expired if the full re-designation process is not completed by the Expiration Date listed on the most recent designation certificate.
- **How to Apply:** Once expired, applicants must complete the full designation process as a new application, verifying compliance with the most current Technical Standard. The designation will remain Expired until IBHS approves the new application. See Initial Designation requirements

1.1.4 Designation Eligibility

- Added clarifying content to aid in determining eligibility.
 - **Applicant** The applicant shall be the homeowner and is responsible for paying a nonrefundable application fee and submitting eligibility photos.
 - **Eligibility Photo Requirements** The applicant shall provide clear and adequate documentation to IBHS to qualify for an evaluation, as required by the program. This includes photos of all sides of the home, capturing key building features and the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone. To qualify, all requirements for the desired designation level shall be met, including the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone around the home and any attachments (e.g., decks).
 - **Qualifying Dwelling Types** The designation is available for a single-family detached home, a freestanding residential building occupied by one family, limited to three stories above grade. This also includes detached single-family factory built

- modular homes on a permanent foundation that are designed, built, and sited to meet all local building code requirements.
- **Non-qualified Dwelling Types** Manufactured homes, townhomes, multifamily housing, and nonresidential buildings are not eligible for a Wildfire Prepared Home designation.
- **Applicable Locations** The home shall be in California or Oregon.
 - o The designation has strict no-exception requirements. Protected trees may disqualify some homes, and homeowners may need to work with neighbors and Homeowner's Associations (HOAs) to meet the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone setback.
 - Designations cannot be granted for homes under active construction. All portions
 of the home and associated defensible space requirements must not be under
 active construction in order to receive designation.

1.2 Red Flag Warning and Extended Absence Preparedness

Added the Red Flag Warning Preparedness section for steps to take to prepare for a Red Flag Warning.

To help protect your home during Red Flag Warning days and during extended absences, take the following maintenance steps:

- **0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone** Clear all accumulated vegetative debris and combustible items from this critical area.
- **Roof and Gutters** Ensure no vegetative debris, such as leaves or needles, is left on your roof or in gutters.
- **Combustible Items** Relocate combustible items indoors or at least 30 feet away from the home. Examples include small door mats, chair cushions, potted plants, trash and recycle bins, kid's toys, pet beds, pool accessories, decorations, and BBQ grills with a propane tank.
- **Parked items** Move vehicles, motorcycles, trailers, boats, campers, RVs, ATVs, and similar vehicles at least 30 feet away from the home.

2 BASE LEVEL DESIGNATION REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Building Feature Requirements for the Base Level

2.1.1 Roof Covering

- Added a note clarifying materials that do not qualify as a Class A roof covering and bird stops shall be made of noncombustible material.
 - **Note:** Given the potential service life uncertainties of both ignition-resistant treatments and applied ignition-resistant coatings, the use of wood shake, wood shingle, or any wood roof covering material regardless of test rating are not permitted.

2.1.2 Gutters and Downspouts

No changes

2.1.3 Vents

Added a note under the performance option that flame- and ember-resistant vents need to be sealed as per the vent manufacturers installation instructions and a clarifying description of a prescriptive vent for consistency with code.

Performance-based Option:

- Note: Joints around such vents shall be sealed with sealants in accordance with vent manufacturer installation instructions to avoid ember and flame intrusion through the joints.
- * Added clarification of a prescriptive vent for consistency with code.
 - Prescriptive Option: Vents shall be covered with a noncombustible, corrosionresistant mesh with openings not to exceed 1/8-inch in diameter for emberresistance.
- Added the term "forced air" to be more descriptive of the type of vents included in the exception (e.g., dryer and central vacuum) and for the louver or flap to be functional so the vent closes when not in operation.

• Exceptions:

o Forced air vents (e.g., dryer and central vacuum) shall have a functional louver or flap in lieu of mesh.

2.1.4 6-inch Vertical Noncombustible Wall Covering Clearance

No changes

2.1.5 Attached Patios, Decks, and Overhead Structures (e.g., Covered Porches, Pergolas, Carports, and Gazebos)

Attached patios and decks, including stairs and overhead structures, are considered part of the building footprint as illustrated in Figure 2 and shall meet <u>all the following</u> requirements:

2.1.5.1 Around the structure -

- Changed the description of the 0-5-foot area surrounding the home from Home Ignition Zone to 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone and added the following exception for clarity.
 - **Exception:** Noncombustible patio walking surface and completely noncombustible (e.g., metal) pergola.

2.1.5.2 Top of walking surfaces -

Clarified the requirement for outdoor furniture.

Furniture

- Shall be **noncombustible framed** (e.g., cast iron, aluminum, or metal), including but not limited to hanging chairs, rocking/lounge chairs, swinging benches, picnic benches, tables and chairs, and sectional furniture with ottomans.
 - Exception: A small number of combustible items (e.g., chair cushions) that can be relocated indoors or 30 feet away on Red Flag Warning days or during extended absences are permitted.
- Added a requirement for combustible items and an exception for clarity.

Combustible items

 Shall be clear of combustible items including but not limited to sheds, saunas, storage containers, combustible privacy dividers, artificial turf, large area rugs, plastic covers, hanging lamps, window mounted AC units, drapes, shade screens, plastic rain barrels, wine barrels, wood planters, and retractable shade screens without a noncombustible housing or replaced with noncombustible alternatives.

Exceptions:

- A limited number of items including, but not limited to, door mats, string lights, TVs, speakers, bird feeders, ceiling fans, pet doors and beds, trash/recycle bins, kid's toys, pool accessories, decorations, garden hoses, and BBQ grills with propane tank and covers are permitted.
- All movable combustible items need to be relocated indoors or 30 feet away on Red Flag Warning days or during extended absences.

2.1.5.3 Additional Structures -

Added clarification for decks with an additional overhead structure and a requirement for large combustibles.

Overhead Structures (e.g., covered porches, pergolas, carports, and gazebos)

- **Roof covering** Shall meet <u>one of the following requirements</u>:
 - A solid roof covering material with a Class A rating when tested in accordance with ASTM E108 or UL 790, or
 - Constructed of combustible slats (e.g., pergola) that cover no more than 15% of the total surface area.
- **Setback** A detached combustible overhead structure (e.g., pergola and gazebo) on an attached deck shall be at least **10 feet from all exterior walls** of the home. (see 2.2.3 Detached Accessory Dwelling Units and Accessory Structures for additional requirements).
 - Exception: An overhead structure constructed entirely of noncombustible materials is permitted with no setback requirement.
- **Posts** Combustible posts shall have at least **6-inches of noncombustible wall covering material** (e.g., fiber-cement, metal flashing, masonry veneer, or stucco) applied vertically on the base of the posts measured from the ground at grade and the nearest horizontal surface (e.g., decks and patios).
- Other Shall be free of any vegetation, curtains, drapes, and shade screens.
 - **Exception:** Shade screens that retract into noncombustible housing are permitted.
- Carports In addition to having at least 6-inches of vertical noncombustible wall covering material and the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone under and around the structure, shall meet all of the following requirements:
 - o Shall not store combustible items.
 - o An open carport with exposed combustible interior wall covering (e.g., wood), shall be enclosed.

Other large combustibles

- Hot tubs -
 - Where provided, shall be at least 10 feet from the home's exterior walls and other large combustibles, and not under a combustible overhead structure (e.g., covered porch, pergola, or gazebo).

- Where provided, on a combustible surface (e.g., wood or composite deck), shall have noncombustible material under the hot tub extending to 2 feet around all sides of the hot tub.
- o Where provided, **on a noncombustible surface or patio**, shall have the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone around the hot tub.
- Outdoor kitchens, bars, and built-ins -
 - Where provided, shall be constructed entirely of noncombustible materials.
 - If attached to the home, shall have 6-inches of noncombustible material applied vertically on the wall (e.g., backsplash) measured above any horizontal surface of the kitchen, bar, and built-in.

2.1.5.4 Underneath an Elevated Deck -

- * Renamed section from Decks or porches 4 feet or less above the ground to Underneath an elevated deck. Removed the option to fully enclose the deck with a noncombustible wall covering/cladding due to potential for moisture issues to develop.
 - Vegetation and Groundcover Shall remove all vegetation and combustible groundcover (e.g., grass, weeds, plants, shrubs, bushes, trees, exposed weed cloth, and wood and rubber mulch) to bare mineral soil.
 - o **Note:** Noncombustible hardscape materials (e.g., gravel, pavers, river rocks, decomposed granite, steppingstones, and concrete) are permitted.
 - 6-inch Vertical Noncombustible Clearance Shall have at least 6-inches of noncombustible wall covering material (e.g., fiber-cement, metal flashing, masonry veneer, or stucco) applied vertically at the base of all posts, supporting walls, and stairs measured from the ground at grade.
 - Lattice and Mesh Where provided, combustible lattice material (e.g., wood or plastic), shall be removed from at least the bottom 6-inches or replaced with noncombustible material (e.g., metal). Where noncombustible corrosion-resistant metal mesh is provided, the mesh shall be installed on the outside of the lattice.
 - No storage Shall have nothing stored underneath.
 - **Exception:** An open outdoor living area under the deck shall meet the same requirements (see "Top of walking surfaces" above).
 - Additionally, decks with a walking surface of 4 feet or less above the ground, shall be enclosed with the following:
 - When measured nominally from the walking surface to the ground, the underdeck area with this height or less shall be **enclosed with noncombustible, corrosionresistant mesh**. The mesh openings shall not exceed 1/8-inch in diameter and shall fully enclose the outer edge of the deck from the walking surface to the ground. This enclosure is required to reduce debris accumulation and limit ember intrusion beneath the deck.

2.1.6 Detached Decks and Overhead Structures (e.g., Covered Porches, Pergolas, Carports, and Gazebos)

No changes

2.2 Defensible Space Requirements for the Base Level

2.2.1 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone - Area within 5 Feet of the Home and Attachments

Changed the description of the 0-5-foot area surrounding the home from Home Ignition Zone to 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone for clarity. Clarified the description of the space included in the zone, its requirements, and added an exception.

The first five feet surrounding the home and its attachments (e.g., decks, patios, overhead structures, stairs) is the **most critical area of defensible space.** This zone shall be established and maintained as noncombustible.

This 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone is measured horizontally from the **edge of the home's exterior walls** and, if present, outermost posts of a deck or overhead structure, extending outward 5 feet (see Figure 2). This noncombustible area also extends vertically to the sky.

The **0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone** shall meet <u>all the following requirements</u>:

Vegetation -

- Shall remove all vegetation (e.g., grass, artificial turf, weeds, flowers, succulents, cacti, plants, shrubs, bushes, and vegetative debris) within 5 feet to bare mineral soil.
- Shall remove all trees, limbs, branches, and vines that are within and that overhang the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone.

• Groundcover -

- o Shall **remove all combustible groundcover materials** (e.g., wood and rubber mulch and exposed weed cloth) within 5 feet to bare mineral soil.
 - **Note:** Noncombustible hardscape materials (e.g., gravel, pavers, river rocks, decomposed granite, steppingstones, and concrete) are permitted.

• Fencing and retaining walls -

 Shall remove combustible fencing materials (e.g., wood and vinyl), posts, gates, and retaining walls within 5 feet or replace with noncombustible material.

Parked Items -

 Shall not store vehicles, motorcycles, trailers, boats, campers, RVs, ATVs, and similar vehicles within 5 feet. Relocate them at least 30 feet away on Red Flag Warning days or during extended absences.

Combustible items -

- o **Removal Requirements:** Shall **remove all combustible items within 5 feet** including, but not limited to, drapes, hot tubs, outdoor kitchens, bars, built-ins, firewood, furniture, hanging lamps, window mounted AC units, large area rugs, combustible privacy dividers, plastic rain barrels, wine barrels, wood planters, playsets, saunas, sheds, storage containers, shade screens, and retractable shade screens <u>without</u> a noncombustible housing.
- o **Replacement Option:** Certain combustible items (e.g., furniture) can be replaced with noncombustible framed alternatives.

• Exception:

 A limited number of items including but not limited to, door mats, string lights, TVs, speakers, bird feeders, pet doors and beds, trash/recycle bins, kid's toys, pool pumps and accessories, garden hoses, BBQ grills with propane tank and cover, HVAC units (e.g., compressor fans), plastic

- downspout extensions, retractable shade screens with noncombustible housing, solar panel battery enclosures, and irrigation valves are permitted.
- o Movable combustible items need to be relocated indoors or at least 30 feet away on Red Flag Warning days or during extended absences.

• Reference Sections for Other Items:

- o For large combustibles (e.g., hot tubs, outdoor kitchens, and built-ins) see section 2.1.5.3.
- o For pergolas, see section 2.1.5.3.
- o For large structures (e.g., sheds and ADU units) see 2.2.3 for Base and 3.2.2 for Plus.

2.2.2 5-30 Foot Defensible Space Zone - Area Surrounding the Home and Attachments

Changed the description of the 5-30-foot area surrounding the home from Landscaping in the Remainder of the Parcel to 5-30 Foot Defensible Space Zone and the zone's requirements for clarity.

To slow fire spread and reduce flame intensity near the home, horizontal and vertical separation of vegetation, structures, and other connective fuels shall be created and maintained within 5 to 30 feet of the structure and its attachments or to the property line, whichever closest. The 5-30 Foot Defensible Space Zone shall meet all the following requirements:

2.2.2.1 Vegetation

Tree Spacing -

- o Shall have tree limbs and branches pruned to a minimum height of **6 vertical feet above the ground** or one-third the height of the tree if less than 18 feet tall.
- Shall regularly prune trees to provide at least 10 feet of horizontal spacing between crowns of adjacent trees. Privacy rows of trees are not permitted.
- o Shall keep all branches a minimum of **10 feet away from chimney** and stovepipe outlets.

Shrub Spacing -

- o Shrubs, bushes, and plants shall **not be placed under larger trees**.
- Individual shrubs or shrubs clustered in small groupings or islands, shall have total foliage covering less than 10 feet in horizontal diameter and treated as a single shrub.
- o Individual shrubs, bushes, and plants or groupings shall have a minimum horizontal spacing between other trees, shrubs, bushes, and plants of **2 times the height of the tallest plant** (i.e., a 3-foot-tall shrub must have a 6-foot clearance surrounding it) with a maximum horizontal spacing of 10 feet. Privacy hedges and rows of bushes are not permitted.

• Maintenance -

- o Shall cut annual grasses to less than 4 inches in height.
 - **Exception:** Grass may be kept to less than 18 inches in height on slopes where necessary to stabilize the soil and prevent erosion.
- o Shall routinely **remove dead and dying vegetation** (e.g., grass, weeds, plants, shrubs, bushes, trees, logs, stumps, branches, leaves, and pine needles).
- Shall place wood piles at least 30 feet away from the home unless the wood is stored in an accessory structure (see 2.2.3 Accessory Dwelling Units and

Accessory Structures for Base Level requirements or 3.2.2 for Plus Level requirements). Fire-retardant tarps are not permitted.

2.2.2.2 Other Items

- Liquid Propane Gas Storage Tanks and Fuel Tanks (e.g., diesel and kerosene) Where provided, shall meet one of the following requirements:
 - o Shall be at least 30 feet from the home, or
 - Shall be at least 10 feet from the home and have the following minimum clearance, and
 - **0-10 feet** Shall have 10 feet of noncombustible clearance to bare mineral soil under and around the tank, including removal of vegetation, groundcover, fencing, and all combustible items. Noncombustible hardscape materials (e.g., gravel, pavers, river rocks, decomposed granite, steppingstones, and concrete) are permitted.
 - o **Exception:** Healthy mature trees are permitted if limbed up to maintain at least 6 feet of clearance above the tank.
 - **10-20 feet -** Shall extend clearance an additional 10 feet around their exterior. The additional 10 feet of clearance includes cutting annual grasses down to less than four inches in height; removing plants, shrubs, bushes, and small trees; and removing dead plants, shrubs, bushes, trees, limbs, branches, logs, and stumps.
 - o **Exception:** Healthy mature trees are permitted if limbed up to maintain at least 6 feet of clearance above the tank.
- Combustible Water Storage Tanks -
 - Where provided, shall be at least 5 feet from the home's exterior walls and other large combustibles and not under a combustible overhead structure (e.g., covered porch, pergola, or gazebo).
 - **Exception:** Multiple water storage tanks within 5 feet of each other are permitted.
 - o Shall have the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone (e.g., bare dirt, gravel, concrete) underneath and surrounding the tank.

Fences

Removed this section to eliminate confusion as the fence requirement is already noted in Section 2.2.1 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone.

2.2.3 Detached Accessory Dwelling Units and Accessory Structures (within the 5-30 Foot Defensible Space Zone)

- * Renamed the section from Accessory Structures & Outbuildings to Detached Accessory Dwelling Units and Accessory Structures for consistency with code. Provided clarity for the wildfire resilience requirements of accessory dwelling units and accessory structures.
 - All Structures [e.g., Overhead Structures (e.g., Pergolas, Carports, Garages, Gazebos) Sheds, Greenhouses, Playsets, etc.] with a footprint greater than or equal to 15 square feet and within 30 feet of the home and attachments, where provided, shall meet all the following requirements:
 - Structures shall be at least 10 feet from the home and attachments.
 - o Structures shall meet the same wildfire resilience requirements for the home, such as roof covering, gutters and downspouts, vents, 6-inch vertical noncombustible

- wall covering clearance, decks, and the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone surrounding them.
- Space multiple structures at least 10 feet apart from each other. Each structure's 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone under and around the structure shall not overlap the 0-5 Foot Noncombustible Zone required for the home, decks, or other structures within 30 feet.
- o Shall have **no more than 3 total** ADUs and accessory structures within 30 feet.
- o Additionally, open detached carports and garages, where provided:
 - Shall not store combustible items.
 - An open carport with exposed combustible interior wall covering (e.g., wood), shall be enclosed.
- Note Ongoing Research: As of publication of this standard, IBHS continues active research into the spacing required between structures to reduce the likelihood of structure-to-structure fire spread, including the impact of structural openings, building materials, and connective fuels. The provisions of this section of the standard may be updated as this research matures.

3 PLUS LEVEL DESIGNATION REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Building Feature Requirements for the Plus Level

3.1.1 Gutters and Downspouts

No changes

3.1.2 Eaves and Soffits

Removed ignition-resistant materials for ease of evaluation and research from IBHS.

3.1.3 Vents

Added the term "forced air" to be more descriptive of the type of vents included in the category (e.g., dryer and central vacuum) and for the louver or flap to be functional so the vent closes when not in operation.

In addition to having a functional louver or flap for forced air vents (e.g., dryer and central vacuum) as required for the Base level requirements, they shall be **made of noncombustible material** (e.g., metal).

3.1.4 Exterior Wall Covering/Cladding

- Removed ignition-resistant covering/cladding for ease of evaluation and research from IBHS.
 - In addition to having the bottom 6-inches of exterior walls made of noncombustible material as required for the Base level, **all exterior wall covering shall be made of a noncombustible material** (e.g., metal, fiber-cement, masonry veneer, stucco, brick, concrete).
 - Where provided, all shutters (e.g., decorative and operable) shall be made of noncombustible material.
 - **Note:** Combustible and ignition-resistant wall cover material (e.g., wood shake, wood shingle, or any other wood siding material including ignition-resistant treatments and coatings) by construction or assembly are not permitted.

3.1.5 Exterior Glass (Windows, Skylights, and Glazed Openings within Doors)

- Added requirement for operable skylights to have a noncombustible mesh screen installed for consistency with code.
 - **Operable skylights** shall be protected by a noncombustible mesh screen where the dimensions of the mesh shall not exceed 1/8-inch in diameter.

3.1.6 Exterior Doors

No changes

Enclosed Space Underneath Bay Windows

The Enclosed Space Underneath Bay Windows section has been removed as a requirement based on research from IBHS.

3.1.7 Decks and Stairs

No changes

3.2 Defensible Space Requirements for the Plus Level

3.2.1 Parallel Fences within 5 to 30 feet

Added language when this situation exists and an exception if one or both of the parallel fences are constructed with noncombustible materials for clarity.

Back-to-back (parallel) combustible fencing (meaning separate fences that are combustible and closer than 5 feet apart) are not permitted.

- **Exception:** If one or both **back-to-back (parallel) fences** are constructed with noncombustible materials.
- **Note:** Meeting this requirement may necessitate coordination with neighbors or an HOA to eliminate at least one of the combustible parallel fences.

3.2.2 Detached Accessory Dwelling Units and Accessory Structures

Renamed the section from Accessory Structures & Outbuildings to Detached Accessory Dwelling Units and Accessory Structures for consistency with code.

4 Appendix A. Technical Resources

❖ Added Appendix A. Technical Resources for clarity.

Wildfire Prepared Home offers tools to assist homeowners, applicants, and other stakeholders achieve designations. Find them at <u>wildfireprepared.org</u>.

4.1 Applicant: How-To Prepare My Home Checklist

Added Applicant: How-To Prepare My Home Checklist to Appendix A. Technical Resources for clarity.

To meet the wildfire mitigation requirements for a designation, use the <u>How-To Prepare My Home Checklist</u> to ensure all the necessary steps for your chosen level are complete before applying.

4.2 IBHS Portal, Contact Information, and Status Updates

Added IBHS Contact Information and Status Updates to Appendix A. Technical Resources for clarity.

After creating an account, log in at <u>wildfireprepared.org/portal</u> to ask questions and check your application status.

4.3 Definitions

- * Relocated Definitions from Section 1 to Appendix A. Technical Resources for clarity.
 - **Combustible** Materials that can ignite and burn.
 - **Fire-Resistance-Rated Construction** The use of materials and systems in the design and construction of a building or structure to safeguard against the spread of fire within a building or structure and the spread of fire to or from buildings or structures to the wildland-urban interface area. Where this standard requires 1-hour fire-resistance-rated construction, the fire-resistance rating of building elements, components or assemblies shall be determined in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTME119 or UL 263.
 - o **Exceptions:** The fire-resistance rating of building elements, components or assemblies based on:
 - The prescriptive designs prescribed in Section 721 of the International Building Code.
 - The calculation procedures in accordance with Section 722 of the International Building Code.
 - **Noncombustible** Made from material of which no part will ignite and burn when subjected to fire. Any material passing ASTM E136 shall be considered noncombustible.
 - **Red Flag Warning** A Red Flag Warning is determined by local offices of the National Weather Service (NWS) and is specific to those local areas. A Red Flag Warning means warm temperatures, very low humidities, and strong winds are expected to combine to produce an increased risk of fire danger.
 - **Roof covering** The material applied to the roof deck to provide weather resistance, achieve fire classification, or enhance appearance.
 - **Wall covering** A material applied to the exterior side of walls to provide a weather-resistant barrier, insulation, or aesthetic appeal.
 - Performance-based Option A standard specifying desired outcomes by requiring compliance with a certain standard(s), without prescribing specific methods or materials.
 - **Prescriptive Option-** A standard that specifies exact methods or materials to achieve compliance, rather than focusing on desired outcomes.

4.4 List of Referenced Standards

Relocated List of Referenced Standards from Section 4 to Appendix A. Technical Resources for clarity.

4.4.1 **ASTM**

- E84 Standard Test Methods for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- E108 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings

- E136 Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750°C
- E2768 Standard Test Method for Extended Duration Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials (30 min Tunnel Test)
- E2886 Standard Test Method for Evaluating the Ability of Exterior Vents to Resist the Entry of Embers and Direct Flame Impingement

4.4.2 NFPA

- 252 Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- 257 Standard on Fire Test for Windows and Glass Block Assemblies

4.4.3 UL

- 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
- 790 Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Roof Coverings

4.4.4 ISO

• 17065 - Requirements for Bodies Certifying Products, Processes and Services